# Test Project document TP16_41_BR_EN 

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## Hardware Design



## PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND TASKS

This product is a electronic compass. It consists in an integrated circuit KMZ52, which is sensible to the magnetic field of the Earth.

You have to design the project following the instructions below.

1. Complete the circuits \#A, \#B and \#C.
2. Design the print circuit board (PCB)
3. Complete design and

- Submit the following PCB Gerber files to the experts usb sticks.

| *.GBL | Bottom Layer |
| :--- | :--- |
| *.GKO | KeepOutLayer (Dimension) |
| *.txt | NC Drill File |

- Submit the following files as *.pdf Data

All schematics

| PCB Top Layer | (scale 1:1) |
| :--- | :--- |
| PCB Bottom Layer | (scale 1:1) |
| Component Placement Side | (scale 1:1) |

4. Assembly the manufactured PCB and then connect with the power supply.

## INSTRUCTIONS

Development of the circuits \#A, \#B, \#C: the timeout is $\mathbf{2}$ hours.

PCB development: the timeout is $\mathbf{2}$ hours.

Building and testing of the Hardware: the timeout is 2 hours.

1. Complete the hardware design project using materials and documents given.

Block Diagram
PCB Design
Description of operation
Hardware design sheet
Part list
Datasheets of the components

## 2. Block Diagram



COUPL. \& PSD (Coupling and phase sensitive detector)

## 3. PCB Design

- Please design a one Layer PCB with Bottom Layer and components on the Top Side, except the SMD sensor should be on the Bottom Side.
- Please integrate normal measurement pins to connect your PCB with your power supply of $+/-12 \mathrm{~V}$ and GND.
- Please integrate measurement pins and for the following Signals and put the Labels next to them and write the names on it:
$\checkmark$ Output Sinal NE555 (TP1)
$\checkmark \quad$ Vy Signal (TP5)
$\checkmark \quad V_{\text {SENSY }}$ Signal (TP2)
$\checkmark$ REFSUB Signal (TP6)
$\checkmark \quad V_{\text {SENSX }}$ Signal (TP3)
$\checkmark$ REF+ Signal (TP7)
$\checkmark \quad$ Vx Signal (TP4)
$\checkmark$ REF- Signal (TP8)

Place the LEDs and the KMZ52 in the same orientation (Position don't care) like in the PCB shown below.

The diameter of the circumference of the LEDs is 40 mm (centre to centre of LEDs!!).

Put labels of the LED Functions in Altium PCB to the LEDS
(Labels: N, E , S , W, NW , NE , SE , SW )


PCB Top Side


PCB Bottom Side

## 4. Description of the compass operation

## Clock generator with the NE555

You have to design a clock generator with the following characteristics:

- $T=776$ us, $t \mathrm{t}=388$ us, $\mathrm{t}=388$ us
- $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$

Calculate the values of $R_{A}, R_{B}$ and $C$ and describe the values on page 9 .

Draw the clock generator circuit on page 9.


## Signal conditioner

Its function is generate the current pulses to the sensor flipping coil from the square wave generate by the NE555.


## KMZ52 sensor

It has internally 2 resistors bridges that work like magnetic sensors. When it is properly supplied it results in a 2 differential voltages output (the order of $\mu \mathrm{V}$ ): one is proportional to the cosine and the other is proportional to the sine of the orientation angle of the IC on the Earth's axis.


## Differential Amplifiers

Design two subtractors circuits (\#B1 e \#B2) with OP using the IC TL074.

Characteristics: $\quad$ Av $=1833$

Calculate the values of $\mathbf{R}_{1}, \mathbf{R}_{2}, \mathbf{R}_{3}$ and $\mathbf{R}_{4}$ and describe the results on page 9 .

Draw the circuits on page 10.


$$
U_{a}=U_{a 1}+U_{a 2}=\frac{R_{4}}{R_{3}+R_{4}} \cdot \frac{R_{1}+R_{2}}{R_{1}} \cdot U_{e+}-\frac{R_{2}}{R_{1}} \cdot U_{e-}
$$

## Coupling and phase sensitive detector circuits

This circuit has a decoupling capacitor, a pullup resistor to maintain the DC level of the Vref sensor signal, a signal synchronizer (with a common clock with the sensor clock) and a lowpass filter.

## OFFSET circuits

Consisting of a subtractor circuit and a lowpass filter.


## Decision circuit

The output signals Vx e $\vee \mathrm{y}$ are showed in the waveform below for a complete rotation in the clockwise direction of the compass, considering REFSUB calibrated and the IC in Bottom View. By comparing the signals generated with thresholds REF+ and REF- the logical signals $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{W}$, NE, NW, SE, SW can be derived.


## Complete the unfinished section of the circuit on page 11.

## Components:

- IC: 14001
- LED's: red 5 mm
- Resistors: 4k7 [k $\Omega$ ] 2k2 [k $\Omega$ ]
qty: 1 (4 gates)
qty: 4
qty: 4
qty: 1

5. After you have finished the manufacturing, check the following functions.
5.1 Adjust REFSUB to eliminate the DC signal in Vx and Vy (approximately 2 V ). The signals Vx and $\vee y$ with REFSUB calibrated go approximately from zero to $5,5 \mathrm{~V}$.
5.2 Measure the maximum and minimum values of $V x$ and $V y$ and use waveform available in the task to calculate the voltage value to REF+ and REF-.
5.3 Adjust the thresholds REF+ and REF-.

## 6. Answers:

## 6-1. Design of \#A:

Clock generator with NE555

| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{A}}=\ldots[\mathrm{kohm}]$ | $\left.\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{B}}=\ldots \mathrm{kohm}\right]$ | $\mathrm{C}=\ldots[\mathrm{nF}]$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Schematic: Clock generator

## 6-2. Design of \#B

Subtractors:

| R1 = [ $\quad$ [ $\left.{ }^{\text {ahm }}\right]$ | $\mathrm{R} 2=\ldots$ kohm] | $\mathrm{R} 3=\ldots$ kohm] | = kohm] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Answer

Complete the schematic diagram


6-3. Design of \#C

## Answer

Complete the schematic diagram


## 7. Part list:

| Parts name | Parts value | Quantity | Reference number |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capacitor polyester | 100 nF | 8 |  |
| Capacitor for electric | $10 \mathrm{uF} \mathrm{50V}$ | 4 |  |
| Diode for switching | 1 N 4148 | 1 |  |
| LED | Red 5 mm | 8 |  |
| Terminal Block | BR-500C, 3P | 1 |  |
| NPN Transistor | BC548 | 4 |  |
| Resistor | $1 \mathrm{k} 1 / 3 \mathrm{~W}$ | 4 |  |
| Resistor | $1 \mathrm{k} 81 / 3 \mathrm{~W}$ | 4 |  |
| Resistor | $2 \mathrm{k} 21 / 3 \mathrm{~W}$ | 5 |  |
| Resistor | $4 \mathrm{k} 71 / 3 \mathrm{~W}$ | 10 |  |
| Resistor | $5 \mathrm{k} 61 / 3 \mathrm{~W}$ | 2 |  |
| Resistor | $6 \mathrm{k} 81 / 3 \mathrm{~W}$ | 2 |  |
| Resistor | $10 \mathrm{k} 1 / 3 \mathrm{~W}$ | 2 |  |
| Resistor | $47 \mathrm{k} 1 / 3 \mathrm{~W}$ | 3 |  |
| Resistor | $100 \mathrm{k} 1 / 3 \mathrm{~W}$ | 4 |  |
| Resistor | $470 \mathrm{k} 1 / 3 \mathrm{~W}$ | 4 |  |
| Resistor | $3 \mathrm{M} 31 / 3 \mathrm{~W}$ | 4 |  |
| Variable Resistor | 5 k | 1 |  |
| Variable Resistor | 100 k | 2 |  |
| Test point | - | 8 |  |
| Quad Operational Amplifier | TL074ACN | 1 |  |
| Timer | NE555N | 1 |  |
| Magnetic sensor | KMZ52 | 1 |  |
| Hi-Fi Audio Amplifier | TDA2030 | 1 |  |
| Quad Comparator | LM339AN | 1 |  |
| Positive Voltage Regulator | L78L05 | 1 |  |
| Dual Operational Amplifier | TL072ACJG | 1 |  |
| Quad 2-Input NOR Gate | MC14001BCL | 1 |  |
| IC Socket | RIC-DIP-8 | 2 |  |
| IC Socket | RIC-DIP-14 | 3 |  |

